

Steam Dispersion Panels

Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual

For applications using steam from a boiler or from any DriSteem steam generating humidifier.

driSteem (8)

## Table of contents

UNPACKING HIGH-EFFICIENCY TUBES	. I
INSTALLATION	
Ultra-sorb Model LV field assembly	
Ultra-sorb Model LH field assembly	
Selecting the location	8
Determine humidifier placement	
Placement in an air handling unit	
Mounting and support	0
Placement upstream from an elbow or duct split	
Installation above valuable equipment	
Recirculation unit	
Panel support	
Mounting in an air handling unit	
Mounting in a horizontal duct	3
Mounting in a vertical duct1	
Supply and drain connections and dimensions	
Piping	
Steam from a boiler	
Steam from a non-electrode-type evaporative humidifier	
Steam from an electrode-type evaporative humidifier	
Retrofitting an existing Ultra-sorb	20
<b>OPERATION</b>	22
Performance data	22
Startup	23
MAINTENANCE	24
Inspecting and servicing components	24
Strainer	
Steam traps on main steam supply	4
Valves	4
O-Rings (in slip couplings)	24
High-Efficiency Tubes	
Troubleshooting	
Replacement parts	έ۲
MADDANTY	$\wedge$

## **A** WARNING

#### Hot surface hazard

Steam humidification systems have extremely hot surfaces.

To avoid burns, allow humidifier, steam pipes, and dispersion assemblies to cool before touching any part of the system.

mc\_071411\_0753

### ATTENTION INSTALLER

Read this manual before installing. Leave manual with product owner.

### **DriSteem Technical Support**

800-328-4447

## Unpacking High-Efficiency Tubes

NOTE: If you have an Ultra-sorb without High-efficiency dispersion tubes (non-insulated tubes), please skip to the next page.

### **UNPACKING**

- Remove the dispersion assembly from the shipping container; be careful not to bump or scrape the PVDF insulating material on the dispersion tubes.
- Some dispersion panels are shipped unassembled by customer request or by shipping necessity. Do not lay High-Efficiency Tubes across or under anything that could compress or damage the insulating material. Compressed insulating material has a reduced R-value.
- Avoid bumping or snagging the PVDF insulating material. Although PVDF is robust, rough handling can cause tears, which could negatively impact performance.
- Before start-up, remove the clear poly film by tearing it along the perforation. Do not use a knife or sharp object to remove the poly film.

### **CAUTION**

Remove clear poly film; do not remove white PVDF insulation. High-Efficiency Tubes are sleeved in clear poly film for protection during processing, shipping, and installation. Leave the clear poly film on until installation is complete so the insulation stays clean.

Equally important, remove and discard the clear poly film before start-up by tearing it along the perforations. **Do not remove the white PVDF insulation.** 

- Keep flame away from the insulating material to avoid damage.
- PVDF is inherently resistant to UV light. Indirect, low-intensity UV-C light from germicidal lamps will not cause the insulating material to degrade.
- Do not tighten mounting clamps or fasteners to any part of the dispersion tube. mc\_071211\_1530

### FIGURE 1-1: ULTRA-SORB WITH THE HIGH-EFFICIENCY TUBE OPTION



### **High-Efficiency Tube option**

Dispersion assemblies with the High-Efficiency Tube option are designed to produce significantly less dispersion-generated condensate and airstream heat gain, which reduces wasted energy by up to 85%. These improvements are accomplished by reducing the thermal conductivity of the tubes with 1/8" of polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) insulating material on the outside of the tubes. These assemblies require careful unpacking, installation, and handling. If your dispersion assembly has the High-Efficiency Tube option, be sure to read this section carefully.

mc\_060208\_1320

## Ultra-sorb Model LV field assembly

#### PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS WHILE ASSEMBLING

### 1. Unpack

Unpack the Ultra-sorb components and verify that you have all items on the packing list.

Lay the components on a flat surface, and position the header assemblies as shown in Figure 2-1. Orient the condensate header assembly so the 3/4" half coupling drain connection is to your left, and orient the supply header assembly so the steam inlet (nipple or tubing) is to your right.

#### FIGURE 2-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV

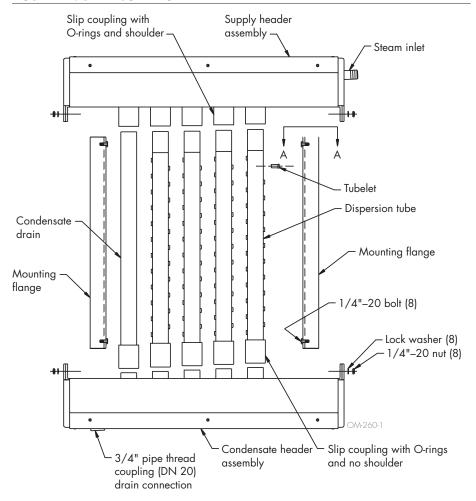


Table 2-1: Ultra-sorb Model LV components						
Description	Qty.					
Supply header assembly with shouldered slip couplings	1					
Condensate header assembly	1					
Mounting flange	2					
Dispersion tubes with slip couplings	varies					
Condensate drain tube	1					
1/4-20 x 3/4" bolt	8					
1/4-20 nut	8					
Lock washer	8					

## Ultra-sorb Model LV field assembly

### 2. Bolt mounting flanges to supply header assembly

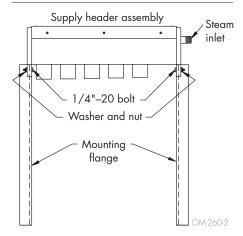
Refer to Figure 3-1 and 3-3. Attach the two mounting flanges as indicated using 1/4"-20 bolts with the nuts only finger tightened.

### 3. Insert dispersion tubes

Refer to Figure 3-2. Insert the plain ends (no slip couplings) of the dispersion tubes into the slip coupling already mounted on the supply header assembly. The slip couplings are factory lubricated; if well aligned during insertion, no further lubrication should be needed. Push and twist the tube in until it bottoms out on the internal shoulder of the slip coupling. See Figure 3-4.

Use care to avoid cutting the internal O-rings of the slip couplings.

#### FIGURE 3-1: SUPPLY HEADER ASSEMBLY



**FIGURE 3-2: DISPERSION TUBES** 

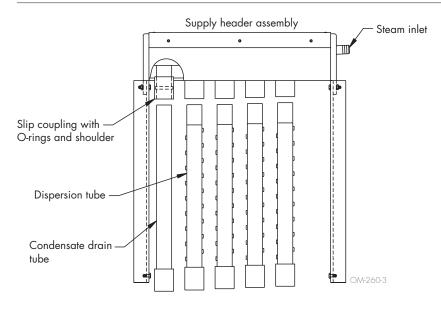


FIGURE 3-3: DETAIL VIEW OF MOUNTING FLANGE

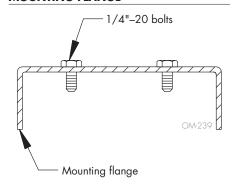
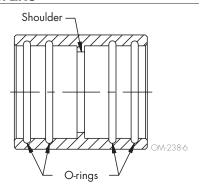


FIGURE 3-4: DETAIL VIEW OF SLIP COUPLING



## Ultra-sorb Model LV field assembly

### 4. Bolt mounting flanges to condensate header assembly

Refer to Figure 4-1. Push the slip couplings onto the dispersion tubes flush with the tube ends. Make sure the drain connection is properly oriented. Attach the mounting flanges using 1/4"-20 bolts, and leave the nuts finger tight.

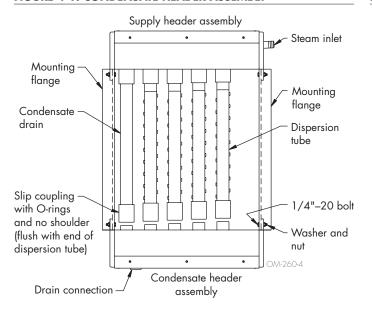
### 5. Slide slip couplings onto condensate header assembly and orient tubelets

**SUGGESTION:** Gripping the drain connection with vise grip pliers and applying a back and forth rolling motion to the header will assist in sliding the slip couplings into place.

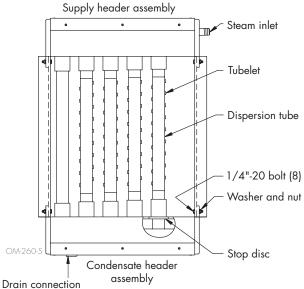
Refer to Figure 4-2. It may be necessary to push and twist the slip couplings onto the condensate header. Again care must be taken to avoid cutting the internal O-rings. Slide the slip couplings on until they bottom out against the stop disc on the condensate header. The tubelets must be aimed so that they discharge the steam perpendicular to the airstream. Rotate the dispersion tubes as needed.

After tightening the 1/4"-20 bolts at all four corners, the Ultra-sorb panel is ready for installation. See Page 8.

#### FIGURE 4-1: CONDENSATE HEADER ASSEMBLY



#### FIGURE 4-2: CONDENSATE HEADER ASSEMBLY



## Ultra-sorb Model LH field assembly

### PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS WHILE ASSEMBLING

### 1. Unpack

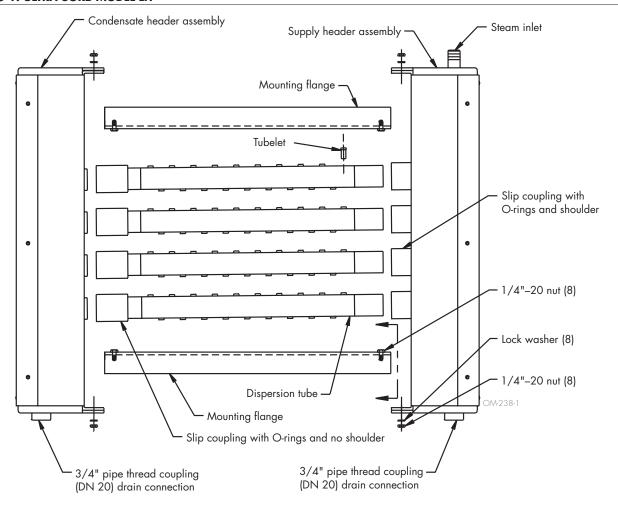
Unpack the Ultra-sorb components and verify that you have all items on the packing list.

Note that both the supply header assembly and the condensate header assembly have a 3/4" half coupling drain connection on one end. This will be the lower end of the installed dispersion assembly. The supply header assembly has a steam inlet (nipple or tubing) on the end opposite the drain connection.

Arrange the components on a large, flat working surface, positioning them as indicated in Figure 5-1 (condensate header to the left, supply header to the right).

Table 5-1: Ultra-sorb Model LH components					
Description	Qty.				
Supply header assembly with shouldered slip couplings	1				
Condensate header assembly	1				
Mounting flange	2				
Dispersion tubes with slip couplings	varies				
1/4-20 x 3/4" bolt	8				
1/4-20 nut	8				
Lock washer	8				

#### FIGURE 5-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH



## Ultra-sorb Model LH field assembly

### 2. Bolt mounting flanges to supply header assembly

Refer to Figures 6-1 and 6-2.

Attach the two mounting flanges to the supply header assembly as indicated using 1/4"-20 bolts with the nuts finger tight.

### 3. Insert dispersion tubes

Refer to Figure 6-3. Insert the plain ends (no slip couplings) of the dispersion tubes into the slip couplings already mounted on the supply header assembly. The slip couplings are factory lubricated; if well aligned during insertion, no further lubrication should be needed. Push and twist the tube in until it bottoms out on the internal shoulder of the slip coupling (see Figure 6-4).

FIGURE 6-1: SUPPLY HEADER ASSEMBLY

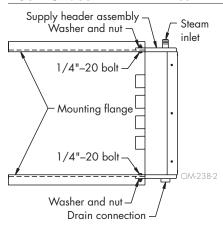
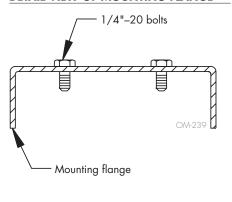


FIGURE 6-2:
DETAIL VIEW OF MOUNTING FLANGE



**FIGURE 6-3: DISPERSION TUBES** 

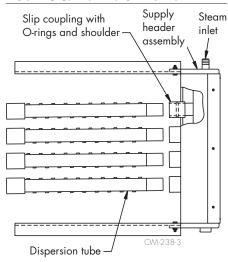


FIGURE 6-4: SLIP COUPLING WITH O-RINGS AND SHOULDER

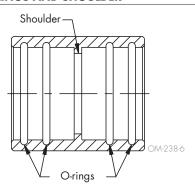
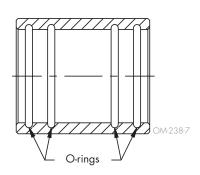


FIGURE 6-5: SLIP COUPLING WITH O-RINGS AND NO SHOULDER



## Ultra-sorb Model LH field assembly

Use care to avoid cutting the internal O-rings of the slip couplings.

### 4. Bolt mounting flanges to condensate header assembly

Refer to Figure 7-1. Push the slip couplings onto the dispersion tubes flush with the tube ends. Make sure the drain connection is properly oriented. Attach the mounting flanges using 1/4"–20 bolts, and leave the nuts finger tight.

### 5. Slide slip couplings onto condensate header assembly and orient tubelets

**SUGGESTION:** Gripping the drain connection with vise grip pliers and applying a back and forth rolling motion to the header will assist in sliding the slip couplings into place.

Refer to Figure 7-2. It may be necessary to push and twist the slip couplings onto the condensate header. Again care must be taken to avoid cutting the internal O-rings. Slide the slip couplings on until they bottom out against the stop disc on the condensate header. The steam tubelets must be aimed so that they discharge the steam perpendicular to the airstream. Rotate the dispersion tubes as needed.

After tightening the 1/4"-20 bolts at all 4 corners, the Ultra-sorb panel is ready for installation. See Page 8.

FIGURE 7-1: CONDENSATE HEADER ASSEMBLY

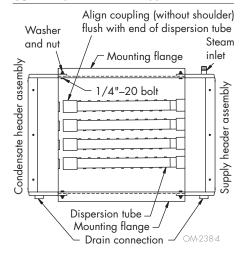
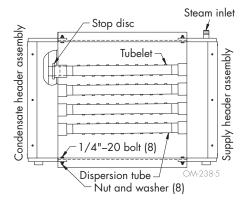


FIGURE 7-2: SLIP COUPLING PLACEMENT



## Selecting the location

#### **DETERMINE HUMIDIFIER PLACEMENT**

Dispersed steam must be absorbed into the airflow before it comes in contact with duct elbows, fans, vanes, filters, or any object that can cause condensation and dripping.

- Install the Ultra-sorb panel in a location where discharged water vapor will be absorbed by the airstream.
- In general, place the Ultra-sorb panel where the air temperature is capable
  of absorbing discharged steam without causing condensation at or after the
  unit. This will normally be downstream from the heating coil where the air is
  warmest.
- Do not place the Ultra-sorb panel in an outside air intake unless the air is tempered with a preheat coil.
- Do not place the Ultra-sorb panel near the entrance of a high-efficiency filter. The filter will remove visible moisture and become waterlogged.
   See the Caution "Installing Ultra-sorb upstream from filter media" on Page 22.
- Do not place the Ultra-sorb panel where discharged visible mist will impinge directly on a metal surface.

nc 071111 1710

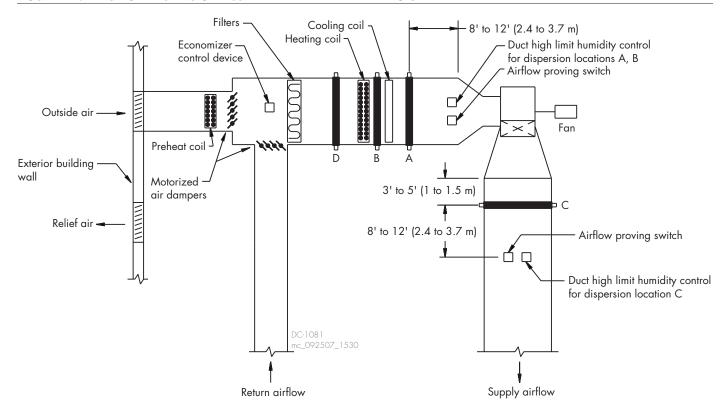
#### **PLACEMENT IN AN AIR HANDLING UNIT**

- Location A is the best choice. Installing downstream from heating and
  cooling coils provides laminar flow through the dispersion unit; plus, the
  heated air provides an environment for best absorption.
- **Location B is the second-best choice.** However, in change-over periods, the cooling coil will eliminate some moisture for humidification.
- Location C is the third-best choice. Air leaving a fan is usually very turbulent
  and can cause vapor to not absorb at the expected non-wetting distance.
  Allow for more distance if installing downstream from a fan.
- Location D is the poorest choice. The cooler air at this location requires an
  increased non-wetting distance.

mc\_062111\_0715

# Selecting the location

#### FIGURE 9-1: PLACING A DISPERSION ASSEMBLY IN AN AIR HANDLING UNIT



#### **INSTALLATION IN A COLD AIR STREAM**

When a humidifier is installed in a duct that will carry cold air, determine the dew point temperature. If the psychrometric chart reveals that saturation may occur, protection should be provided. A high-limit humidistat or thermostat set to cut off the humidifier at a safe temperature can be used for this purpose. See Figure 10-1.

#### PLACEMENT UPSTREAM FROM AN ELBOW OR DUCT SPLIT

Due to Ultra-sorb's rapid steam absorption performance, installation upstream from elbows or duct splits can be done with confidence. See Figure 10-2.

#### **INSTALLATION ABOVE VALUABLE EQUIPMENT**

Water piping and humidifiers should not be installed above expensive equipment. A condensing or leaking water pipe or other accidental water spillage could cause serious damage to the equipment below. When such an installation cannot be avoided, install a galvanized drip pan under the humidifier piping, valve, etc. to catch and drain away unintended water. See Figure 10-4.

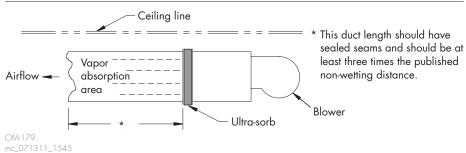
### **RECIRCULATION UNIT**

In applications where no duct system exists, or if the air is too cool for proper humidity absorption, a recirculation fan can be used. The fan circulates room temperature air across the humidifier and discharges humidified air into the space. Select the air discharge point carefully to avoid condensation on building or equipment surfaces. See Figure 10-3.

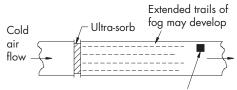
#### **PANEL SUPPORT**

The duct or air handler section and Ultra-sorb panel must be properly supported to carry the weight of the assembly. The weight of the piping must be supported by the building structure rather than by the Ultra-sorb unit. Otherwise, the weight may impose stress on the connections, causing them to fracture and leak. The bottom surface of the Ultra-sorb panel must be supported from below at the midpoint of the enclosure.

### FIGURE 10-3: RECIRCULATION UNIT



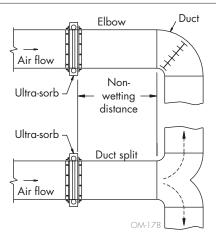
## FIGURE 10-1: INSTALLATION IN A COLD AIR STREAM



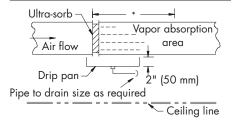
High limit duct humidistat 10' to 15' (3 to 4.5 m) downstream from Ultra-sorb

OM-197 mc 052411 0830

#### **FIGURE 10-2: UPSTREAM PLACEMENT**



## FIGURE 10-4: INSTALLATION ABOVE VALUABLE EQUIPMENT



\* This length of duct should have sealed seams and should be at least three times the height of the Ultra-sorb panel.

OM-198 mc\_101410\_0955

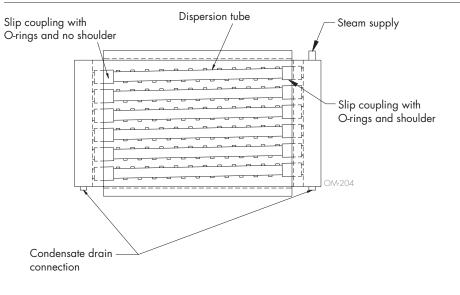
The Ultra-sorb panel can operate with air flow in either direction; however, the steam supply must be connected to the supply header assembly, and condensate must be drained from the condensate header assembly.

Verify that all steam discharge tubelets are pointed perpendicular to the airstream (see Figure 11-2). The slip couplings provide easy rotation of the dispersion tubes for proper tubelet orientation.

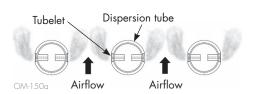
When removing and installing slip couplings, verify that the O-rings are seated in their grooves and lubricated. When sliding the dispersion tube into the slip coupling, be careful not to cut the O-rings.

Note: To prevent leakage, use HVAC caulking or a similar weather sealant to seal all places where the Ultra-sorb installation hardware and fittings penetrate the wall of the duct.

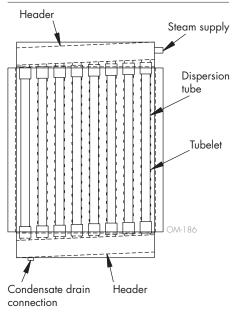
#### FIGURE 11-3: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH



## FIGURE 11-1: DISPERSION TUBE ORIENTATION



#### FIGURE 11-2: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV

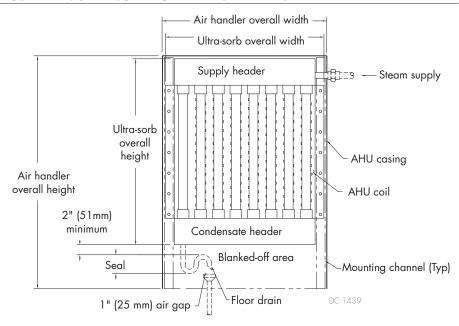


#### MOUNTING IN AN AIR HANDLING UNIT

See placement recommendations in Figure 9-1.

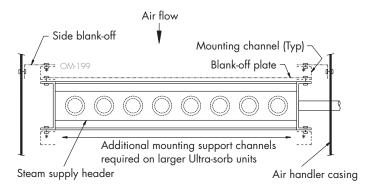
The metal support frame should be anchored to the air handler casing. Recommended fasteners for mounting the Ultra-sorb to a metal support frame are 1/4–20 nuts and bolts or #12 self drilling and tapping screws. Due to the possible forces exerted on this application, DriSteem recommends fastener spacing not to exceed 6" (150 mm). On larger Ultra-sorb installations, vertical channels may be required on both the inlet and outlet ends of the humidifier to provide proper support. See Figure 12-2.

FIGURE 12-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV INSTALLED INSIDE AN AIR HANDLER



#### **FIGURE 12-2: VERTICAL CHANNELS**

Ultra-sorb Model LV, plan view



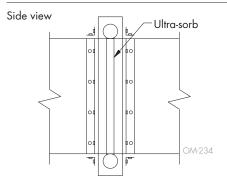
### **MOUNTING IN A HORIZONTAL DUCT**

The Ultra-sorb panel is contained within a mounting frame.

A mounting flange  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (38 mm) wide is provided on all four sides of the unit. The  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (38 mm) wide portion of the header enclosure is intended to be a mounting flange. See Figures 13-1 and 13-2. A matching flange or metal frame is required on the ductwork for connection to the Ultra-sorb flanges. The recommended fastener is a #12 x 3/4" self-drilling and tapping screw, spacing not to exceed 12" (305 mm). If an angle-iron frame is provided on the duct section, a longer screw may be required.

Note: To avoid puncturing the header, screw penetration into the header enclosure should not exceed 3/4" (20 mm).

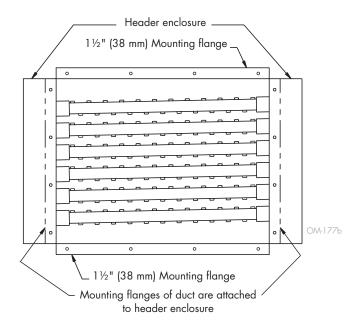
#### FIGURE 13-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV

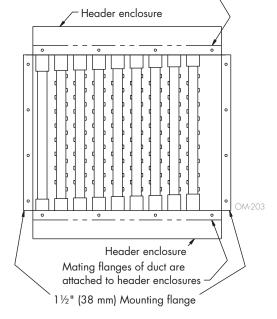


#### FIGURE 13-2: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH

#### FIGURE 13-3: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV

Mating flanges of duct are attached to header enclosures





#### **MOUNTING IN A VERTICAL DUCT**

Ultra-sorb LH panels for vertical airflow must be ordered for this application. Headers and tubes are pitched to accommodate vertical mounting. See Figure 14-1.

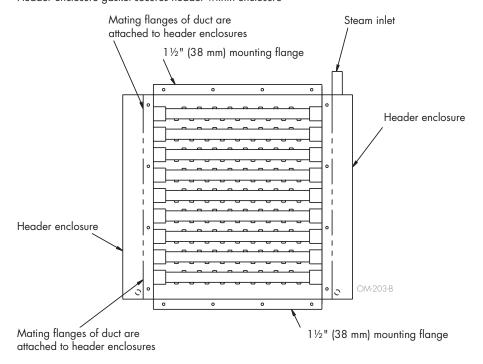
The Ultra-sorb panel is contained within a mounting frame. A mounting flange  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (38 mm) wide is provided on all four sides of the unit. The  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (38 mm) wide portion of the header enclosure is intended to be a mounting flange. See Figure 14-2. A matching flange or metal frame is required on the ductwork for connection to the Ultra-sorb flanges. The recommended fastener is a #12 x 3/4" self-drilling and tapping screw, spacing not to exceed 12" (305 mm). If an angle-iron frame is provided on the duct section, a longer screw may be required.

Note: To avoid puncturing the header, screw penetration into the header enclosure should not exceed 3/4" (20 mm).

#### FIGURE 14-2: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH FOR VERTICAL AIRFLOW

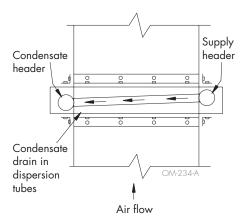
Plan view

Header enclosure gasket secures header within enclosure

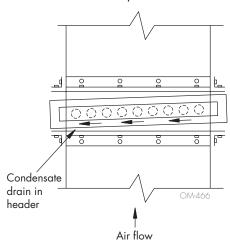


## FIGURE 14-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH FOR VERTICAL AIRFLOW

View from end of headers



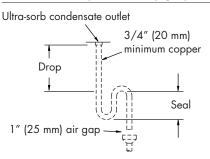
View from end of dispersion tubes



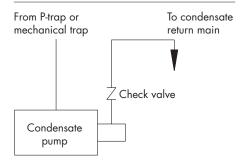
## Supply and drain connections and dimensions

Table 15-1: Condensate piping for Ultra-sorb LV and LH steam dispersion panels **Evaporative steam** Stainless steel con-Stainless steel construction struction Stainless steel Stainless steel (accessories may laccessories may wetted wetted include stainless include stainless components components steel, copper, iron, steel, copper, iron, and brass) and brass) P-trap water Recommended Stainless steel Stainless steel Drop: 6" (150 mm) seal method Drop: 6" (150 mm) Drop: 8"(205 mm) (Figure Seal: 5" (130 mm) Drop: 8" (205 mm) Seal: 10" (255 mm) Seal: 5" (130 mm) Seal: 10" (255 mm) 15-1)F&T trap No Νo Nο Nο Inverted No No No No bucket trap Stainless steel Nο Nο Nο Yes trap Condensate Yes Yes Yes Yes to open drain Condensate return by Yes Yes condensate (stainless (stainless Yes Yes pump steel pump steel pump (Figure recommended) recommended) 15-2) Condensate return to NA NA Yes Yes humidifier by gravity Condensate return to NA NA No\* No\* boiler via

### FIGURE 15-1: P-TRAP WATER SEAL DIMENSIONS



#### **FIGURE 15-2: LIFTING CONDENSATE**



#### Note:

The Ultra-sorb Models LV and LH must be installed with the drain connection at an elevation that permits gravity drainage. For lifting condensate, use a condensate pump rated for your application. Pumps are rated by fluid temperature, head (pressure), and flow (gpm). Contact your local DriSteem representative for pump selection.

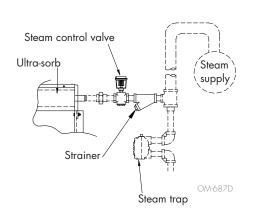
### FIGURE 15-3: CONNECTION TO A BOILER (PRESSURIZED STEAM APPLICATIONS)

Install strainer (same size as valve, or larger than valve) within 3 feet (1 m) of Ultra-sorb

#### Note:

return line

For detailed information about steam piping, see the *DriSteem Humidification System Design Guide*, which can be downloaded from the Literature page of our website: www.dristeem.com



Use Ultra-sorb XV. Note that Ultra-sorb XV has a copper heat exchanger and may not be applicable for copper-sensitive applications.

lable 10-1:				
Maximum steam carrying	capacity and length o	of interconnecti	ng steam ho	ose or tubing

Steam hose 1						Со	pper or stain	less steel tub	ing		
Hose I.D. Maximum capacity Maximum length <sup>2</sup>		Hose I.D. Maximum		Tubin	g size	Maximum	capacity <sup>3</sup>	Maximum lenç	developed jth <sup>4</sup>		
inches	DN	lbs/hr	kg/h	ft	m	inches	DN	lbs/hr	kg/h	ft	m
1 ½	40	150	68	10	3	1 1/2	40	150	68	20	6
2	50	250	113	10	3	2	50	220	100	30	9
						3 <sup>5</sup>	80 5	450	204	80	24
						4 5	100 5	750	340	100	30
						5 <sup>5</sup>	125 5	1400	635	100	30
						65	150 5	2300	1043	100	30

- 1. When using steam hose, use DriSteem steam hose for best results. Field-supplied hose may have shorter life and may cause foaming in the evaporating chamber resulting in condensate discharge at the dispersion assembly. Do not use steam hose for outdoor applications.
- 2. Maximum recommended length for steam hose is 10' (3 m). Longer distances can cause kinking or low spots.
- Insulate tubing to minimize loss of capacity and efficiency.
- 4. Developed length of tubing equals measured length plus 50% of measured length, to account for fittings. Longer tubing lengths are possible at capacities lower than listed maximums. Consult factory.
- 5. Requires flange connection.

Note: Capacities and lengths in this table are for steam from a nonpressurized steam humidifier to a nonpressurized steam dispersion panel, and are based on total maximum pressure drop in hose or tubing of 5" wc (1250 Pa).

mc\_091410\_1050-LVLH

Table 16-2:

Steam loss of	of interconnect	ting steam hos	se or tubing				
	Naminal bass		Steam loss				Insulati
Description	Nominal hose or tubing size		Nonin	sulated	Insu	lated	insulari

	Niamata al la cas	and the later of the second			Insulation thickness			
Description	Nominal nose	or tubing size	Noninsulated				Insulated	
	inches	DN	lbs/hr/ft	kg/h/m	lbs/hr/ft	kg/h/m	inches	mm
11	11/2	40	0.15	0.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hose	2	50	0.20	0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	11/2	40	0.11	0.16	0.020	0.030	2.0	50
	2	50	0.14	0.21	0.025	0.037	2.0	50
T I.t.	3	80	0.20	0.30	0.030	0.045	2.5	64
Tubing	4	100	0.26	0.39	0.030	0.045	3.0	76
	5	125	0.31	0.46	0.035	0.052	3.0	76
	6	150	0.36	0.54	0.039	0.058	3.0	76

Note: Data based on an ambient air temperature of 80 °F (27 °C), fiberglass insulation, and copper tubing.

mc\_051310\_1216

#### **STEAM FROM A BOILER**

Ultra-sorb panels for boiler steam have a threaded pipe nipple that extends outside the framework for a steam supply connection. The steam supply line should be dripped immediately ahead of the steam valve through a steam trap. See Figure 15-3.

#### **DRIEST STEAM**

To ensure driest steam, take humidifier steam off the top of the steam main (not the side or bottom).

### **AIRFLOW PROVING SWITCH**

An air flow proving switch is recommended to prevent the steam valve from opening if air is not moving in the duct.

### **HIGH LIMIT HUMIDISTAT**

To prevent over saturation when duct air is cooler than 70 °F (21 °C), a high limit (duct mounted) humidistat is recommended (Figure 10-1). Mount it 10' to 15' (3 to 4.5 m) downstream from the Ultra-sorb panel, and set it at 80 to 90% RH.

Table 17-1: O.D. of pipe and tubing						
Nom. Dia.	Standard pipe	Copper tubing	SST tubing	I.D. of hose		
1 ½ " (30 mm)	1.660	1.375	-	-		
1½" (38 mm)	1.900	1.625	1.500	1.50		
2" (50 mm)	2.375	2.125	2.000	2.00		
2½" (65 mm)	2.875	2.625	3.000	3.00		

Note: Pipe thread and flange tubing adapters are available from DriSteem.

#### STEAM FROM A NON-ELECTRODE-TYPE EVAPORATIVE HUMIDIFIER

This section provides piping instructions for resistive-element electric, GTS, and STS evaporative humidifiers. For electrode-type humidifier piping, see Page 19.

#### **TUBING**

Standard connections on DriSteem evaporative humidifiers are 1½" (38 mm) stainless steel tubing. Two inch tubing connections are available as an option on higher capacity evaporative units. Hose cuffs are available for connecting to the tubing connection on the evaporative humidifier and to the Ultrasorb (see Figure 18-2). If specified, DriSteem can also provide threaded connections on the evaporative humidifier and on the Ultrasorb. For threading pipe connection options, see DriSteem's DriCalc sizing and selection software, available at www. dristeem.com.

When non-threaded pipe is used, steam hose and clamps can be used for connections at the humidifier steam outlet and at the Ultra-sorb. Due to the difference between the tubing O.D. and the steam hose I.D., multiple hose clamps may be required.

#### **STEAM HOSE PITCH**

Support steam hose to prevent sags or low spots, and pitch at least 2"/ft (15%) back to the humidifier.

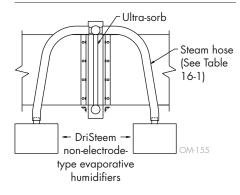
#### **TUBING PITCH**

- Pitch at least 1/8"/ft (1%) back to the humidifier.
- 90° elbows are not recommended. Use two 45° elbows one foot apart (see Figure 18-2).

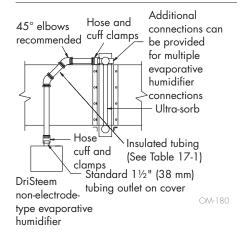
Failure to follow the above recommendations may result in excessive back pressure on the evaporative humidifier. This may lead to loss of water seal or leaking gaskets. When the distance between the Ultra-sorb and the evaporative humidifier exceeds 20 feet (6 m), consult the factory for special recommendations.

- Thin wall tubing will heat up with less start up heat loss than heavy wall pipe.
- Insulate the tubing to reduce the loss in output caused by condensation in the tubing.

#### FIGURE 18-1: STEAM HOSE



#### FIGURE 18-2: HOSE CUFF INSTALLATION



#### STEAM FROM AN ELECTRODE-TYPE EVAPORATIVE HUMIDIFIER

#### **TUBING**

Standard steam hose connects to DriSteem electrode steam humidifier cylinders and to the Ultra-sorb steam inlet directly or with a stainless steel adaptor. Hose cuffs are also available for connecting tubing. If specified when ordered, DriSteem can provide a threaded connection on the Ultra-sorb steam inlet. For threading pipe connection options, see DriSteem's DriCalc sizing and selection software, available at www.dristeem.com.

Hose and clamps can be used for connections at the steam cylinder and at the Ultra-sorb. Due to the difference between the tubing O.D. and the steam hose I.D., multiple hose clamps may be required.

#### **STEAM HOSE PITCH**

Support steam hose to prevent sags or low spots, and pitch at least 2"/ft (15%) toward the Ultra-sorb.

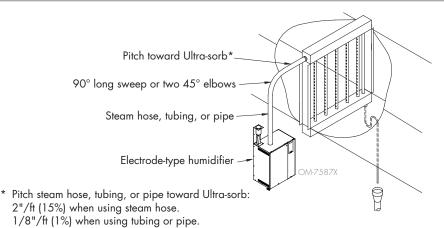
#### **TUBING PITCH**

- Pitch at least 1/8" /ft (1%) toward the Ultra-sorb.
- 90° elbows are not recommended. Use two 45° elbows one foot apart as shown in Figure 18-2.

Failure to follow the above recommendations may result in faults at the electrode-type humidifier. This may lead to erratic or stopped operation. When the distance between the Ultra-sorb and the evaporative humidifier exceeds 20 feet (6 m), consult the factory for special recommendations.

- Thin wall tubing will heat up with less start up heat loss than heavy wall pipe.
- Insulate the tubing to reduce the loss in output caused by condensation in the tubing.

## FIGURE 19-2: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV IN A HORIZONTAL AIRFLOW WITH ELECTRODE-TYPE HUMIDIFIER



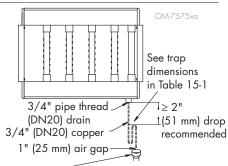
### Condensate drainage for all applications

Since Ultra-sorb panels operate with virtually zero internal pressure, condensate cannot be piped directly into a return main. It must be wasted to a floor drain or piped into a small condensate pump and returned to the steam source.

To prevent steam from escaping down the drain line, install a water seal in the drain line. The water seal must be of sufficient height to contain the pressure in the humidifier.

Two P-traps with water seals, one for each header, are required on the horizontal dispersion tube (Model LH) Ultra-sorb. One P-trap is required on the lower header of the vertical-tube (Model LV) Ultra-sorb.

#### FIGURE 19-1: CONDENSATE DRAINAGE



Open drain required.

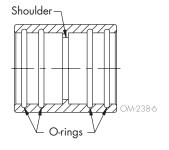
Locate air gap only in spaces with adequate temperature and air movement to absorb flash steam; otherwise, condensation may form on nearby surfaces. Refer to governing codes for drain pipe size and maximum discharge water temperature.

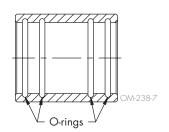
## Retrofitting an existing Ultra-sorb

Before retrofitting an existing Ultra-sorb panel with High-Efficiency Tubes, shut off steam to the system, and let all hot surfaces cool. See the Warning below.

Note: Replacement slip couplings with internal O-rings are shipped with retrofit High-Efficiency Tube orders. There are two types of slip couplings: with shoulders and without. Slip couplings with shoulders must go on the supply header end of the dispersion tube. See Figure 20-2.

### FIGURE 20-2: DISPERSION TUBE SLIP COUPLINGS

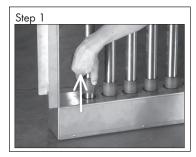




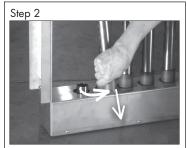
#### REMOVE UNINSULATED TUBES WHEN COOL TO THE TOUCH

Note: The photos below depict Ultra-sorb Model LV (vertical tubes). The supply header is on the top, and the condensate header is on the bottom. If retrofitting an Ultra-sorb Model LH (horizontal tubes), pay attention to the location of the supply and condensate headers.

 Slide the slip couplings off the condensate header far enough to reveal the ends of the dispersion tubes.



Swing the dispersion tubes away from the condensate header, and pull the dispersion tubes and slip couplings off the supply header.



## FIGURE 20-1: PVDF INSULATING MATERIAL





### Hot surface hazard

Steam humidification systems have extremely hot surfaces.

To avoid burns, allow humidifier, steam pipes, and dispersion assemblies to cool before touching any part of the system.

mc\_071411\_0753

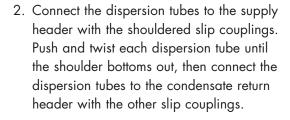
## Retrofitting an existing Ultra-sorb

3. Remove the dispersion tube, and make sure nothing loose falls into the header.

#### **INSTALL HIGH-EFFICIENCY TUBES**

Note: The photos below show the High-Efficiency Tubes without the clear poly film for demonstration purposes only. To prevent dirty insulating material, install the High-Efficiency Tubes before tearing off the clear poly film.

1. Install the new slip couplings on the highefficiency dispersion tubes as shown.

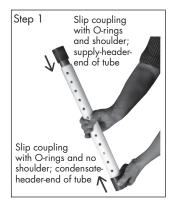


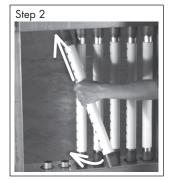
- Push the non-shouldered slip couplings against the stop disks on the condensate return header.
- 4. Rotate the dispersion tubes to point the tubelets perpendicular to the airflow.

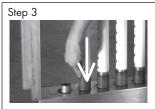


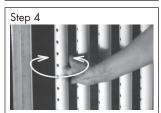
## Se

See maintenance instructions for High-Efficiency Tubes on Page 24.









### Performance data

#### **NON-WETTING DISTANCE**

Non-wetting distance is the dimension downstream from the leaving side of the steam dispersion assembly to the point where wetting will not occur, although wisps of steam may be present. This distance was calculated during humidification system design and is dependent on several application parameters. To determine your dispersion assembly's non-wetting distance, consult your system's design engineer or project documentation. Non-wetting distance can also be calculated using DriSteem's DriCalc sizing and selection software, available at www. dristeem.com. Note that your current design conditions may vary from conditions used for system design.

- Note that the rise in RH (ΔRH) between entering and leaving air has a direct bearing on the non-wetting distance. As the ΔRH increases, more vapor needs to be dispersed into the air; thus, the non-wetting distance increases.
- Uneven airflow over the Ultra-sorb panel cross-section may result in nonuniform mixing of steam with air, which may adversely affect absorption distance.
- A small but measurable amount of duct air pressure loss will be present downstream from the Ultra-sorb panel, depending on air density, velocity, and tube spacing. See Table 22-1.

mc\_071211\_1515

### **CAUTION**

## Installing Ultra-sorb upstream from filter media

Non-wetting distances described here do not apply when installing an Ultra-sorb panel upstream from filter media. If you must install upstream from filter media, consult DriSteem or your local DriSteem representative for recommendations.

mc\_071211\_1505

iable ZZ-1	:		
Ultra-sorb	air	pressure	loss

Duct air velocity (55 °F at sea level)		Tube spacing				
		3"	75 mm	6"	150 mm	
ses	fpm	m/s	wc	Pa	wc	Pa
Uninsulated tubes	500	2.54	0.020	5.1	0.004	1.1
nsulat	1000	5.08	0.082	20.5	0.017	4.2
Uni	1500	7.62	0.175	43.8	0.038	9.5
pes	fpm	m/s	wc	Pa	wc	Pa
тсу Ти	500	2.54	0.033	8.3	0.005	1.3
fficier	1000	5.08	0.121	30.2	0.020	5.1
High-Efficiency Tubes	1500	7.62	0.237	59.2	0.046	11.5

#### Notes:

- Ultra-sorb panels with 9" (225 mm) or 12" (300 mm) tube spacings have no measurable air pressure loss.
- Use DriSteem's DriCalc sizing and selection software to calculate your specific air pressure loss.

mc\_100907\_0830

## Startup

- 1. Turn on humidification steam to the Ultra-sorb supply header:
  - Boiler steam: Open the modulating steam valve.
  - Evaporative humidifier: Follow the startup instructions in the humidifier's Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual.
- 2. Check for piping leaks.
- 3. See "Steam traps" on page 24.
- 4. Check the dispersion tubes for leaks.
  - Note: Spitting from the slip coupling at either end of a dispersion tube could be caused by a missing O-ring. See Figures 28-1 and 28-3.
- 5. Ensure that the dispersion tubes are oriented with the tubelets at a right angle to the airflow. See Figure 11-1.
- 6. Check for any other leaks from steam and drain connections.
- 7. Ensure that the P-traps are operating.
  - At the beginning of the season, ensure there is a stream of water from condensate drain when operating.
    - 1. If not, verify P-trap is not blocked.
    - 2. If stream is blowing out of the P-trap, it needs to be primed.
    - 3. Verify the P-trap is tall enough to contain panel operating pressure (see page 15).
    - 4. Duct static pressure > 2.5" (63.5 mm) wc may require a taller P-trap.

## Inspecting and servicing components

#### **STRAINER**

Inspect the strainer screen at least twice during the first year. If fouled, inspect it more frequently.

### STEAM TRAPS ON MAIN STEAM SUPPLY

At least twice a year verify that steam traps are functioning properly. A blocked steam trap is cold. A "blowing" steam trap is hot and noisy, and the discharge pipe from it is hot for 30 feet. A properly operating steam trap is hot and makes noise at intervals, and the discharge pipe is progressively cooler beginning at the trap.

#### **VALVES**

Pneumatic:

Inspect annually to be sure the valve closes off steam tightly, the stem packing is not leaking steam, and the diaphragm in the actuator is not leaking air.

Electric modulating:

Inspect annually to be sure that the valve operates freely and closes off steam tightly and the stem packing is not leaking.

Solenoid type:

Inspect annually to verify proper functioning with steam-tight shut off.

#### **O-RINGS (IN SLIP COUPLINGS)**

Inspect after two or three years of service, replace if necessary.

#### **HIGH-EFFICIENCY TUBES**

- If the insulating material gets torn, repair the tear with our Insulating
  Material Repair Kit before dispersing steam or moving air through the air
  handler to prevent further damage. This available kit uses tested and proven
  PVDF as repair material; do not use other adhesives or repair methods in
  place of the kit.
- If the insulating material gets dirty or smudged, gently clean it with a damp cloth and a solution of soapy water or diluted non-toxic, biodegradable cleaner/degreaser.
- Do not clean the insulating material with a pressure washer. The direct spray could cause damage.
- If using a torch in the vicinity of the dispersion panel, keep the flame away from the insulating material to avoid damage.
- PVDF is inherently resistant to UV light. Indirect, low-intensity UV-C light from germicidal lamps will not cause the insulating material to degrade.
- Do not tighten mounting clamps or fasteners to any part of the dispersion tube.

# Troubleshooting

Ultra-sorb Models LV	and LH troubleshooting	
Problem	Possible cause	Action
Humidifier discharges water in duct	<ul> <li>Steam main overloaded with water due to boiler discharging water with steam (priming)</li> </ul>	Locate cause of priming and correct.
	P-trap not draining properly	<ul> <li>Replace or clean trap as required.</li> <li>If condensate return main is overloaded, find an alternative method for draining.</li> </ul>
	Humidifier improperly piped	Correct the piping as shown on Page 15. For horizontal airflow, steam inlet should be at the top of the assembly and condensate outlet at the bottom of the assembly. For vertical airflow, see Page 14.
	Surges of condensate in steam supply due to condensate collecting at low, undripped point in steam main	• Install drips and steam traps as required. See Page 15.
	Inadequate main steam trap capacity	Replace with larger trap.
Slip couplings leak water	Defective o-rings in slip couplings	Replace o-rings.
water  Humidity exceeds setting of humidistat	Automatic valve not fully closing	<ul> <li>Foreign matter holding valve open; clean valve.</li> <li>Valve spring broken; replace spring.</li> <li>Valve steam packing too tight; loosen and/or replace packing.</li> <li>Steam pressure exceeds close-off rating of valve spring; replace actuator or valve spring with one that is compatible with the higher steam pressure.</li> <li>Valve installed backwards; re-install.</li> <li>Adjust valve linkage.</li> </ul>
	Electric control system malfunctioning	Calibrate or replace.
	Faulty or inaccurately placed humidity controller	Replace controller or relocate per catalog recommendations.
	Poor location of control components	Relocate per catalog recommendations.
	Incompatible control components	Replace per specified recommendations.
	Automatic valve is hunting	<ul> <li>Humidifier capacity is oversized; change to smaller valve.</li> <li>Pressure reducing valve is not accurately controlling stean pressure; repair or replace.</li> <li>Boiler pressure is swinging too widely; adjust.</li> </ul>
	Excessive outside air volume	Check fans, dampers, VAV, etc. See formula below.  Mixed Air Inlet formula: (% outside air x moisture content)     + (% return air x moisture content)     = mixed air inlet in lbs/100 cfm     (kg/100 m3/h)

Continued

# Troubleshooting

Table 25-1: Ultra-sorb Models LV and LH troubleshooting							
Problem	Possible cause	Action					
Control system	Incorrect control voltage	Replace transformer.					
malfunctioning	• Incorrect control signal	Replace components.					
	Improper wiring connections	• Rewire.					
	Incorrect humidity sensor	• Replace.					
	Humidity controller out of calibration	Recalibrate.					
Air cannot absorb	Humidifier operates when blower is off	Provide interlock.					
steam quantity being discharged	Valve is hunting	• See above.					
aiscriargea	Air temperature in duct too low for steam quantity being emitted	Raise duct air temperature.					
Ulanat diffranta na dia a	Steam pressure too high	Reduce pressure.					
Humidifier is noisy	Header vibrating within header shell	Tighten hardware.					

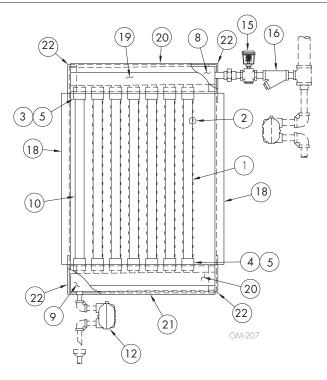
Continued

# Troubleshooting

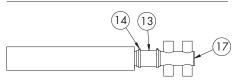
Table 25-1: Ultra-sorb Models LV and LH troubleshooting (continued)			
Problem	Possible cause	Action	
Space humidity will not rise to humidistat set point	Steam pressure too low	• Increase.	
	Manual steam valve partially closed	• Open.	
	Strainer screen partially clogged	• Clean.	
	Boiler pressure too low	Adjust control.	
	<ul> <li>Pressure reducing valve not accurately controlling steam pressure</li> </ul>	Repair or replace.	
	Boiler pressure swinging too widely	Adjust controls.	
	Incorrect piping	Repipe. See Page 15.	
	Undersized steam piping	• Replace.	
	Undersized humidifier	<ul> <li>Replace valve with larger capacity valve.</li> <li>Replace with larger humidifier.</li> <li>Add additional humidifier.</li> </ul>	
	Automatic steam valve not fully opening	<ul> <li>Valve packing is adjusted too tightly, loosen and/or replace packing.</li> <li>Adjust valve linkage.</li> <li>Recalibrate humidistat.</li> </ul>	
	Electric control system malfunctioning	Change transformer.	
	Incorrect control circuit voltage	Replace component(s) to make all components compatible.	
	Incorrect control signal	Replace components.	
	Improper wiring	• Rewire.	
	Incorrect humidity sensor	Replace sensor.	
	<ul> <li>Humidity controller out of calibration or malfunctioning</li> </ul>	Repair or replace.	
	<ul> <li>Malfunctioning humidifier temperature switch not allowing humidifier valve to open</li> </ul>	Replace or readjust.	
	Pneumatic control system malfunctioning	Repair or replace.	
	Obstructed air line	Remove obstruction.	
	<ul> <li>Malfunctioning pneumatic temperature switch</li> </ul>	Replace switch.	
	Air leak in actuator	Repair or replace diaphragm.	
	Compressed air pressure is too low	Adjust pressure.	
Condensate in duct	Foreign matter preventing valve from closing	Clean or replace valve.	
	Humidifier is mounted too close to internal devices (dampers, turning vanes, etc.) in duct	<ul> <li>Move humidifier tubes to a point further upstream from internal devices.</li> <li>Add more dispersion tubes for shorter non-wetting distance. Consult DriSteem to determine the total number of tubes required.</li> </ul>	
	Non-insulated duct passing through unheated area (duct surface temperature too low)	Insulate ductwork.	

# Replacement parts

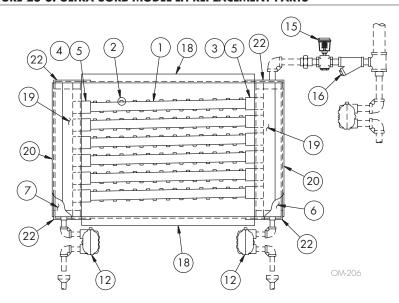
FIGURE 28-1: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LV REPLACEMENT PARTS



**FIGURE 28-2: HEADER** (NONPRESSURIZED STEAM)



### FIGURE 28-3: ULTRA-SORB MODEL LH REPLACEMENT PARTS



# Replacement parts

Table 29-1: Ultra-sorb replacement parts			
No.	Description	Part no.	
,	1½" (38 mm) High-Efficiency Tube	Consult factory	
1	1½" (38 mm) Dispersion tube	Consult factory	
2	Tubelet	Consult factory	
3	Slip coupling with shoulder, 1½" (38 mm)	162727-002	
4	Slip coupling without shoulder, 1½" (38 mm)	162727-001	
5	O-rings	300400-006	
6	Supply header, Ultra-sorb Model LH	Consult factory	
7	Return header, Ultra-sorb Model LH	Consult factory	
8	Supply header, Ultra-sorb Model LV	Consult factory	
9	Return header, Ultra-sorb Model LV	Consult factory	
10	1½" Drain tube, Ultra-sorb Model LV	Consult factory	
12	Steam trap	Consult factory	
13	Hose cuff	Consult factory	
14	Hose clamp	Consult factory	
15	Steam valve	Consult factory	
16	Strainer	Consult factory	
17	Steam connector	Consult factory	
18	Mounting flange, Ultra-sorb Models LV and LH	Consult factory	
19	Header enclosure, Ultra-sorb Model LH	Consult factory	
20	Header enclosure, Ultra-sorb Model LV	Consult factory	
21	Return header cover, Ultra-sorb Model LV	Consult factory	
22	Header enclosure cap, Ultra-sorb Models LV and LH	Consult factory	

#### Expect quality from the industry leader

Since 1965, DriSteem has led the industry with innovative methods for humidifying and cooling air with precise control. Our focus on ease of ownership is evident in the design of the Ultra-sorb steam dispersion panels, which feature cleanable, stainless steel construction. DriSteem also leads the industry with a Two-year Limited Warranty and optional extended warranty.

#### For more information

www.dristeem.com sales@dristeem.com

For the most recent product information visit our website: www.dristeem.com

#### **DRI-STEEM Corporation**

a subsidiary of Research Products Corporation DriSteem U.S. operations are ISO 9001:2015 certified

U.S. Headquarters: 14949 Technology Drive Eden Prairie, MN 55344 800-328-4447 or 952-949-2415 952-229-3200 (fax)

European office: Grote Hellekensstraat 54 b B-3520 Zonhoven Belgium +3211823595

E-mail: dristeem-europe@dristeem.com

Continuous product improvement is a policy of DriSteem; therefore, product features and specifications are subject to change without notice.

DriSteem and Ultra-sorb are registered trademarks of Research Products Corporation and are filed for trademark registration in Canada and the European community.

Product and corporate names used in this document may be trademarks or registered trademarks. They are used for explanation only without intent to infringe.

© 2016 Research Products Corporation

Form No. US-IOM-EN-1216 Part No. 890000-601 Rev H

### **Two-year Limited Warranty**

DRI-STEEM Corporation ("DriSteem") warrants to the original user that its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of two (2) years after installation or twenty-seven (27) months from the date DriSteem ships such product, whichever date is the earlier.

If any DriSteem product is found to be defective in material or workmanship during the applicable warranty period, DriSteem's entire liability, and the purchaser's sole and exclusive remedy, shall be the repair or replacement of the defective product, or the refund of the purchase price, at DriSteem's election. DriSteem shall not be liable for any costs or expenses, whether direct or indirect, associated with the installation, removal or reinstallation of any defective product. The Limited Warranty does not include cylinder replacement for electrode steam humidifiers.

DriSteem's Limited Warranty shall not be effective or actionable unless there is compliance with all installation and operating instructions furnished by DriSteem, or if the products have been modified or altered without the written consent of DriSteem, or if such products have been subject to accident, misuse, mishandling, tampering, negligence or improper maintenance. Any warranty claim must be submitted to DriSteem in writing within the stated warranty period. Defective parts may be required to be returned to DriSteem.

DriSteem's Limited Warranty is made in lieu of, and DriSteem disclaims all other warranties, whether express or implied, including but not limited to any IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, any implied warranty arising out of a course of dealing or of performance, custom or usage of trade.

DriSteem SHALL NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, REVENUE OR BUSINESS) OR DAMAGE OR INJURY TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY IN ANY WAY RELATED TO THE MANUFACTURE OR THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS. The exclusion applies regardless of whether such damages are sought based on breach of warranty, breach of contract, negligence, strict liability in tort, or any other legal theory, even if DriSteem has notice of the possibility of such damages.

By purchasing DriSteem's products, the purchaser agrees to the terms and conditions of this Limited Warranty.

#### Extended warranty

The original user may extend the term of the DriSteem Limited Warranty for a limited number of months past the initial applicable warranty period and term provided in the first paragraph of this Limited Warranty. All the terms and conditions of the Limited Warranty during the initial applicable warranty period and term shall apply during any extended term. An extended warranty term of an additional twelve (12) months or twenty four (24) months of coverage may be purchased. The extended warranty term may be purchased until eighteen (18) months after the product is shipped, after which time no extended warranties are available.

Any extension of the Limited Warranty under this program must be in writing, signed by DriSteem, and paid for in full by the purchaser.

mc\_051308\_0630